Confirmation Form D



Exemption from comulsory healthcare insurance; Confirmation for employees assigned to work in Switzerland (Article 2 Paragraph 5 of the Federal Health Insurance Ordinance, KVV)

not valid for persons, who are covered by the EU- or EFTA agreement

Art. 2 Paragraph 5 KVV states: Upon application, employees deployed to work in Switzerland expected from the obligation to contribute to the Swiss AHV/IV (Old Age Pension, Survivors and Invalidity Insurance) on the basis of an internation agreement on social security are exempted from the health insurance obligation (...) if their employer undertakes to ensure that, for the entire validity period of the exemption, at least the benefits pursuant to KVG (Health Insurance Act) are insured in case of medical treatment in Switzerland.

Employee (Family name, First name, residential adress and post code in Switzerland):

and the following accompanying family member(s), Article 3 Paragraph 2 KVV (Family name, First name):

The undersigned employer hereby confirms that the above-named employee is assigned to work in Switzerland and, pursuant to a bilateral agreement on social security, is therefore exempt from the obligation to contribute to Swiss social security (AHV/IV) and, with regard to the Swiss Law on Healthcare Insurance (KVG: Federal Health Insurance Act) with all its associated directives has insurance coverage which is at least equivalent to that required under KVG (see reverse):

The undersigned undertakes to see to it that the above-named person and his/her accompanying family member(s) are insured for medical care in Switzerland for at least the benefits under Art. 25 to 31 KVG (see reverse) fort he entire validity period of the exemption. This acknowledgment by the employer as well as the resulting exemption from the insurance obligation in Switzerland shall be final and cannot be revoked, neither by the employer not by the employee.

| Place, date: | Employer's original stamp and signature: |
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Federal Health Insurance Act (KVG)

Art. 25 General benefits in the case of sickness

- ¹ Compulsory health care insurance covers the costs of diagnosing and treating sickness and its effects.
- ² These benefits cover:
- a. examinations, treatment and care of an in- and out-patient, at the residence of the patient, in a hospital or in a medical-social establishment by:
 - 1. doctors,
 - 2. chiropractors,
 - 3. persons providing services prescribed or ordered by a doctor;
- b. analyses, medicaments and diagnostic and therapeutic services and equipment prescribed by a doctor or within the limits determined by the Federal Council by a chiropractor;
- c. a contribution to the costs of spa treatment prescribed by a doctor;
- d. medical rehabilitation measures carried out or prescribed by a doctor;
- e. a stay in the general ward of a hospital;
- f. (repealed)
- fbis. a stay in a maternity unit for the purpose of childbirth (Art . 29);
- g. a contribution to medically necessary transport costs and rescue costs;
- h. services of pharmacists in dispending the medicaments prescribed in accordance with letter b above.

Art. 25a Nursing services in the event of illness

- ¹ Under compulsory healthcare insurance, a contribution is made to nursing services that are provided on the instructions of a doctor as an out-patient and where there is a clear need for nursing care on an outpatient basis, in day or night structures, or in a nursing home.
- ² Acute and transitional care services that prove necessary following discharge from hospital and which are prescribed by a doctor in hospital are paid for by the compulsory healthcare insurance and by the insured's canton of residence
- for a maximum period of two weeks in accordance with the hospital funding regulations (Art. 49a Payment for in-patient services). Insurers and service providers shall agree on flat rate fees.
- ³ The Federal Council shall designate the nursing services and regulate the procedure for ascertaining the need.
- ⁴ The Federal Council shall specify the contributions in francs and differentiate them based on the level of care re- quired.* The decisive factor is the cost according to the need for care of nursing services provided with the required quality and efficiency at a reasonable cost. Nursing services shall be subject to quality control. The Federal Council shall specify the procedures.
- ⁵ In relation to nursing costs not covered by social insurances, a maximum of 20 per cent of the maximum care contribution fixed by the Federal Council may be passed on to the insured. The cantons shall regulate the payment of the remainder of the costs.
- * in charge of the insurance company: from CHF 54.60 to 79.80 per hour (outpatient) or from CHF 9 to 108 per day (in- patient/nursing home)

Art. 26 Prophylactic medicine

Compulsory health care insurance covers the costs of certain examinations intended to detect diseases in time as well as prophylactic measures for insured persons particularly at risk. Such examinations and prophylactic measures must be carried out or prescribed by a doctor.

Art. 27 Congenital defects

In the case of congenital defects not covered by the disability insurance scheme, compulsory health care insurance covers the costs of the same benefits as in the case of sickness.

Art. 28 Accidents

In the case of accidents pursuant to Art. 1a, para. 2, letter b*), compulsory health care insurance covers the costs of the same benefits as in the case of sickness.

Art. 29 Maternity

- ¹ In addition to the same costs as in the case of sickness, compulsory health care insurance covers special costs in the case of maternity.
- ² These benefits cover:
 - a. periodic check-ups carried out by a doctor or a mid-wife or prescribed by a doctor during and after pregnancy;
 - b. delivery at home, in a hospital or in a semi-hospital establishment by a doctor or a mid-wife;
 - c. necessary advice on breast-feeding;
 - d. care and stay of a healthy newborn child staying with its mother in the hospital.

Art. 30 Legal abortion

In case of non-punishable termination of pregnancy pursuant to Article 119 of the Criminal Code compulsory sickness insurance covers the costs of the same benefits as in the case of sickness.

Art. 31 Dental treatment

- ¹ Compulsory health care insurance covers the costs of dental treatment:
 - a. if it is caused by a serious and unavoidable disease of the masticatory system; or
 - b. if it is caused by any other serious illness or its after-effects; or
 - c. if it is necessary for the treatment of a serious illness or its after-effects.
- ² It also covers the costs of treatment of injuries to the masticatory system caused by an accident pursuant to Art. 1a, para. 2, letter b (i.e. accident which is not covered by any other insurance).